

# SLICKLINE ASSISTANT WORKBOOK

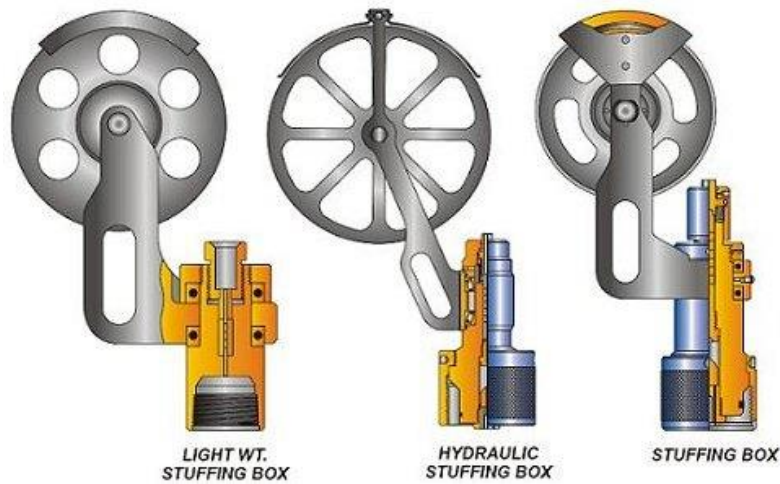
## IMPORTANT NOTE:

1. Your point of reference to complete this workbook may be obtained from the following
  - Training Manual and any other training materials provided together with this workbook
  - Your Trainer, Assessor (Slickline Operator), Verifier (FSM) or senior colleagues
  - SOP / Quality Procedures & Processors
2. The completion of this Workbook is a joint effort and responsibility between you and your assessor therefore you have the obligation to request from your assessor to be assessed upon your completion of each topic
3. The completion of this Workbook is part of the MANDATORY requirements which you must fulfill to qualify for a promotion
4. Your training program is mostly self-driven, including this Workbook. It requires individual initiatives, dedication and commitment to complete the process.

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<b>RECEIVED DATE</b>	<b>30.11.2023</b>
<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>	<b>17.03.2024</b>

**B. SURFACE EQUIPMENT**

**B.1. STUFFING BOX**



What is Stuffing Box

A primary pressure barrier that positioned at the uppermost point of the PCE string.

What is the purpose of stuffing Box

To ensure sealing off around moving or solid wireline at the upper end of the lubricator during wireline operations.

How to operate Stuffing Box

Stuffing box can be operated either manually or hydraulically without part modification.

What is maintenance required for Stuffing Box

- Packings
  - Not worn out.
- Sheave
  - Use correct size
- Upper and lower gland
  - Check for wear
- BOP plunger
  - Check for wear and freedom of vertical movement
- Sheave bearings
  - Check for free spinning
- Sheave staff
  - Check for freedom of swivel movement
- Sheave guard
  - Tight and adjusted close to the sheave

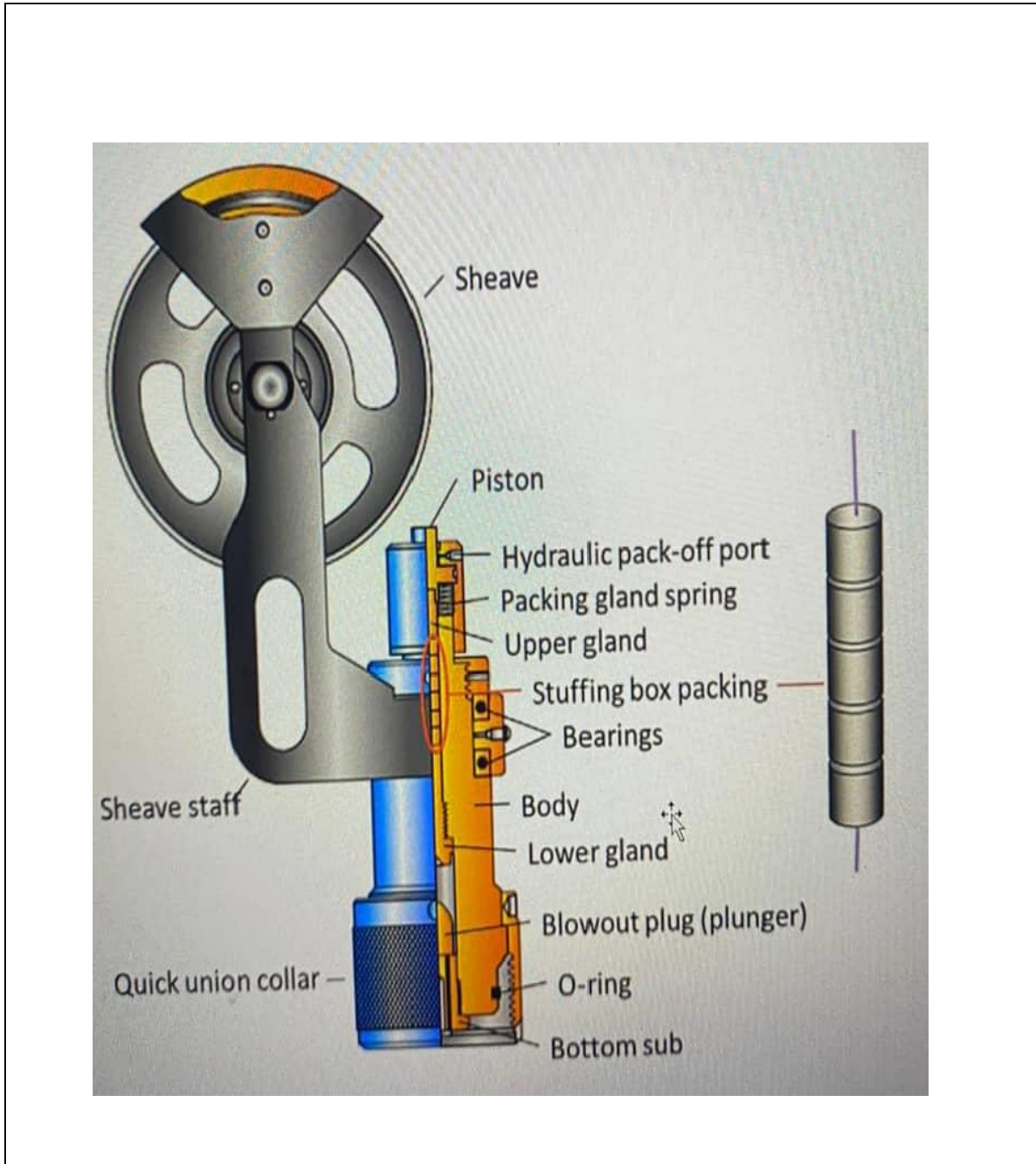
What is safety precaution required for Stuffing Box

- Check the packing whether worn out or not
- Check out the correct size of the sheave

What is potential hazard during handling Stuffing Box

- Drop object
- Pinch point
- Back injury

**Draw & name each part of stuffing box**



## B.2. LUBRICATOR

What is Lubricator

Lubricator is also known as risers are series of inter-connected lengths of pipe. It is a piece of equipment designed to enable wireline tool string to be introduced or retrieve from a wellbore under pressure.

What is the purpose of Lubricator

is to provide a space for the tool to be contained in under pressure, when opening and closing the wellhead

How to operate Lubricator

Connect the lubricator section using chain block, wireline mast, crane or gin pole.

What is maintenance required for Lubricator

Check for any cracks  
Visually inspect at the regular interval  
Check all the o-ring and make sure that it didn't worn out.

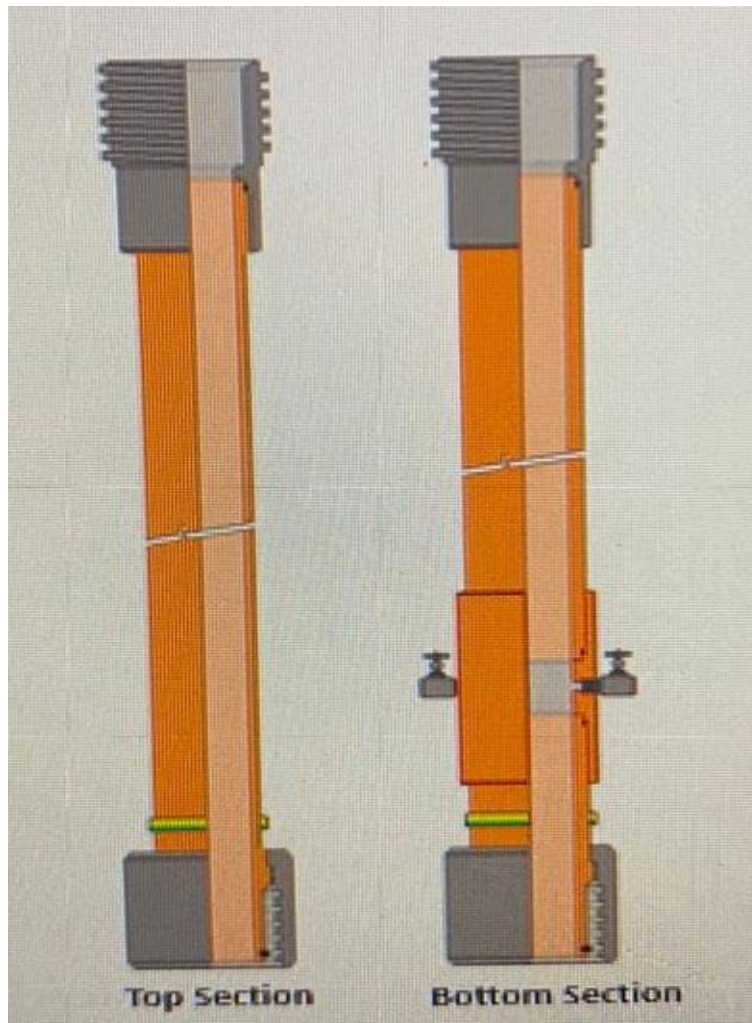
What is safety precaution required for Lubricator

Lubricator should be x-rayed  
One of the lubricator must have a port to bleed of pressure

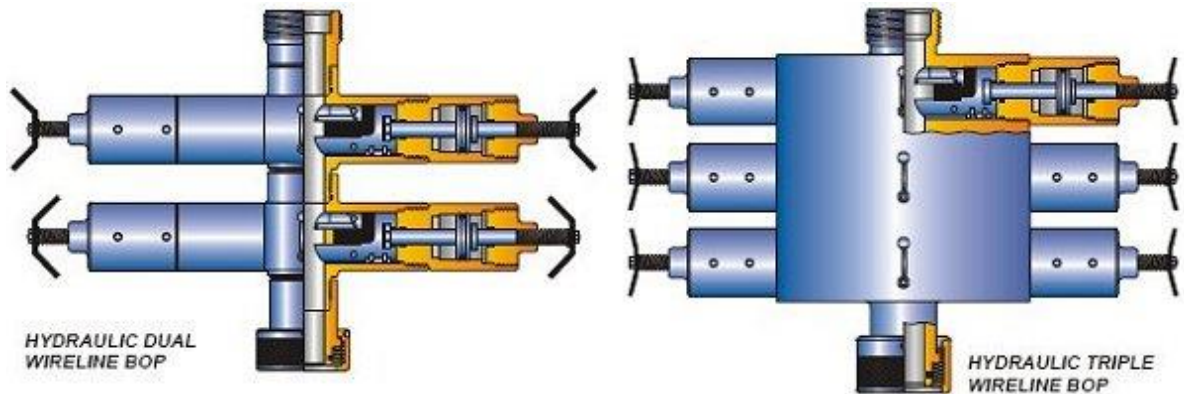
What is potential hazard during handling Lubricator

Drop object  
Pinch point  
Back injury

Draw & name each part of Lubricator



### B.3. BLOWOUT PREVENTER (BOP)



What is BOP

A BOP (also known as a wireline valve) is installed between the tree connection and lower lubricator section

What is the purpose of BOP

Enable the well pressure to be isolated without cutting the wire by closing the master valve.

Permit the assembly of the wireline cutter above the BOP rams and dropping it if the toolstring becomes stuck in the well

Allow slickline work under the well pressure on surface equipment, while wire in the wellbore

How to operate BOP

Hydraulically  
Using RSU, control panel

What is maintenance required for BOP

Must be service and need to be pressure tested  
Level 1 Service - To be carried out after every job  
Level 2 Service - To be carried out once a year  
Level 3 Service - To be carried out every 5 years

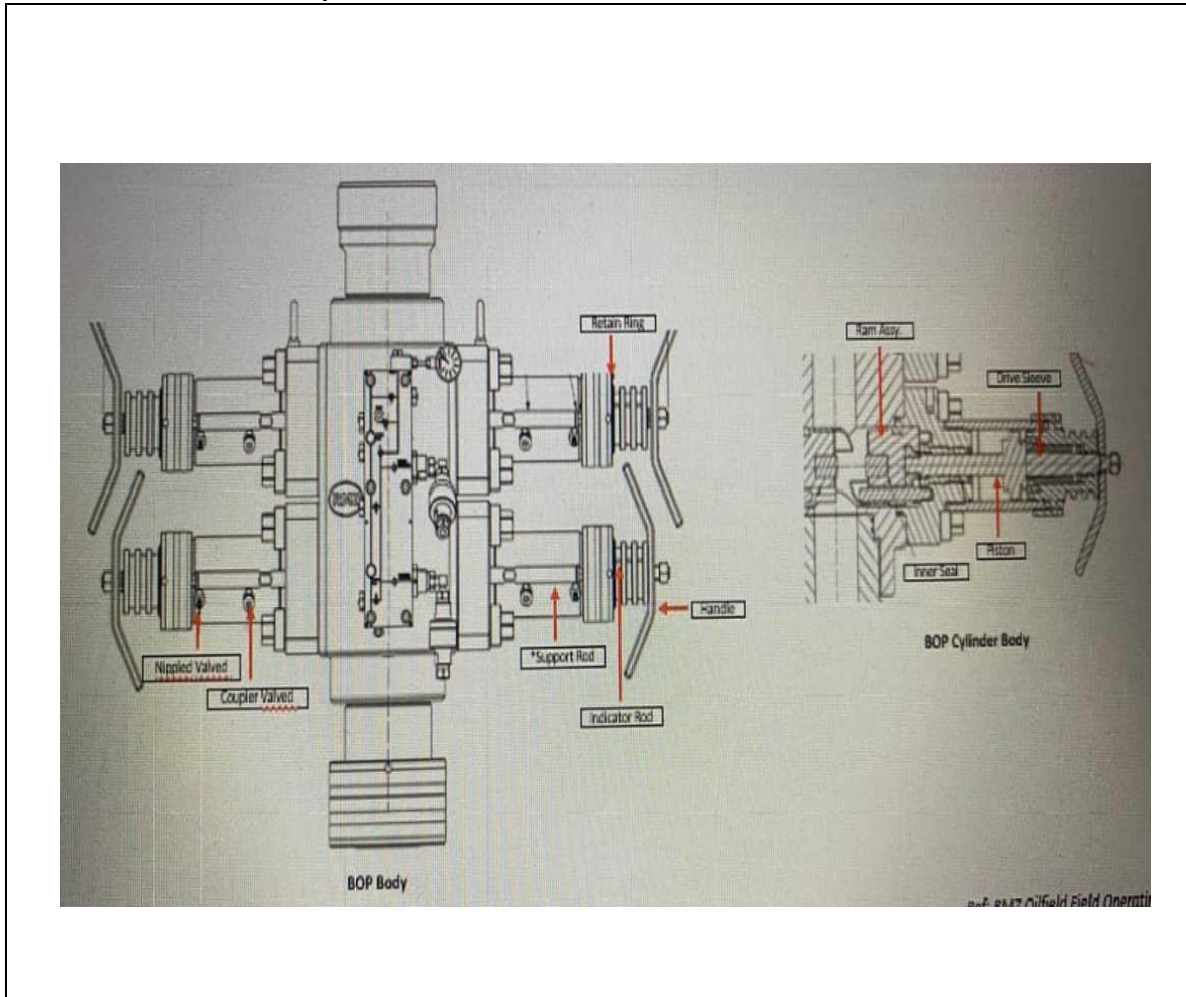
What is safety precaution required for BOP

Ensure the rod has enlarged diameter below the ram to prevent it being blown out during testing.

What is potential hazard during handling BOP

High pressure  
Back injury  
Hose burst

Draw & name each part of BOP



#### B.4. X-MAS TREE

What is x-mas tree

Xmas tree is a series of valves installed on the wellhead to control the flow of fluids from the well. Located on top of wellhead.

What is the purpose of x-mas tree

Christmas trees are a vertical assembly of valves with gauges and chokes that allow for adjustments in flow control as well as injections to stimulate production

How to operate x-mas tree

The valves that comprise some of the decorations on the Christmas tree are opened when the oil or gas well is ready to produce and the processing and storage facilities are ready to receive.

What is maintenance required for x-mas tree

Inspect and replace any damaged component  
Clean X-mas tree and  
Do Critical Device Function Test (CDFT) on X-mas tree (check all valves)

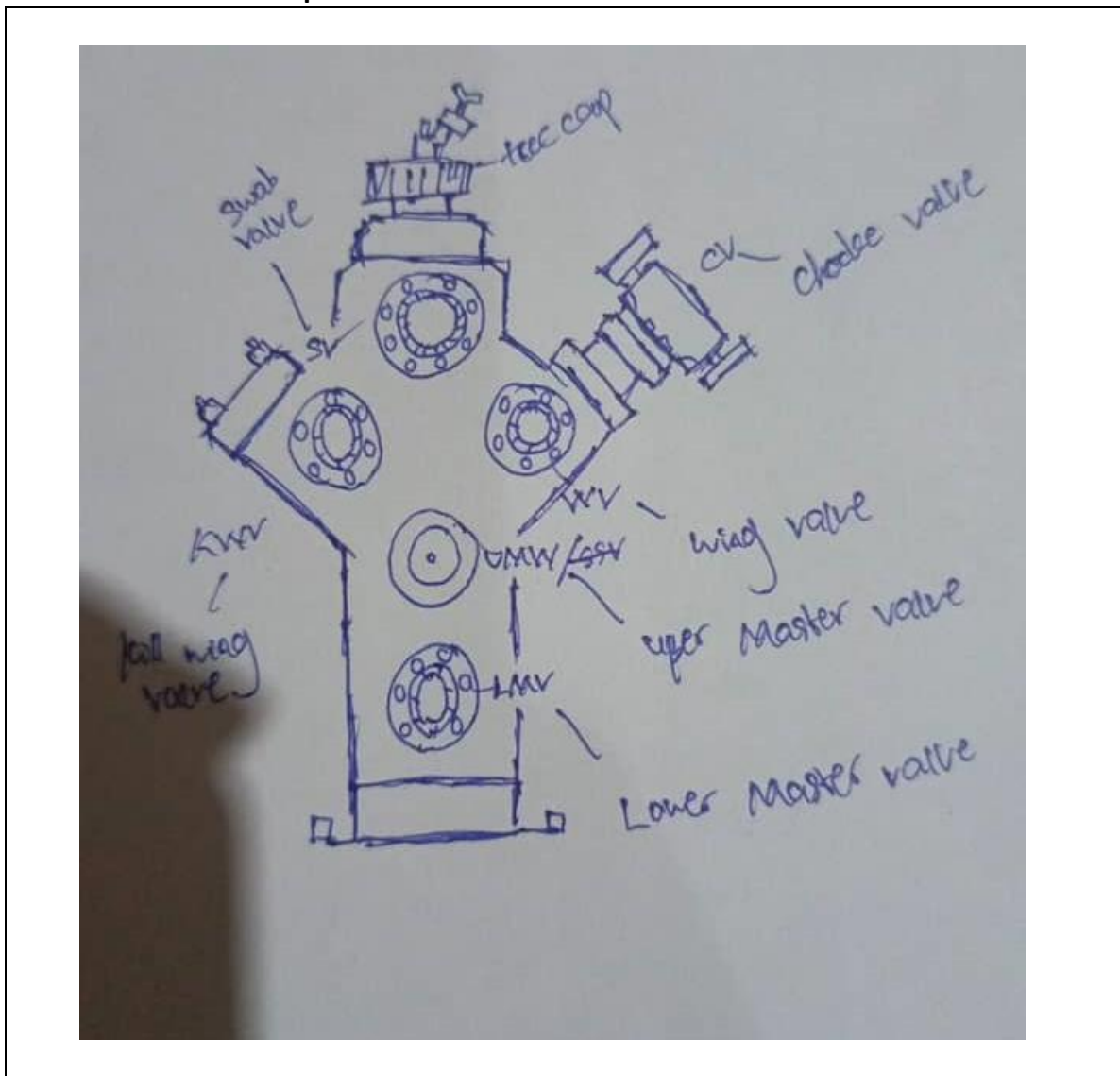
What is safety precaution required for x-mas tree

Make a count during opening and closing the swab valve.  
Do not overtightened the valves during operation and closing.  
Never use master valve to shut in the flowing well, except in an emergency situation.  
(use swab or wing valve)

What is potential hazard during handling x-mas tree

- Pinch point
- High pressure
- Work under suspended load
- Line of fire

Draw & name each part of x-mas tree



## B.5. WIRELINE REEL SKID UNIT (RSU) / WINCH – SINGLE DRUM AND DOUBLE DRUM

What is RSU

RSU is also known as wireline unit or winch which that can control wireline tool strings to go inside the well or pull the tool strings out of the well.

What is the purpose of RSU

It is used to conveys downhole equipment or tools in and out of the wells. It can turn the wire drum to lower and rise tool strings in the wells that require wireline servicing.

How to operate RSU

By using power pack and winch hydraulic system  
Transmission of hydraulic hole via hole between power pack / RSU

What is maintenance required for RSU

Check the hand brake system  
Ensure gear in a neutral position  
Check chain tension

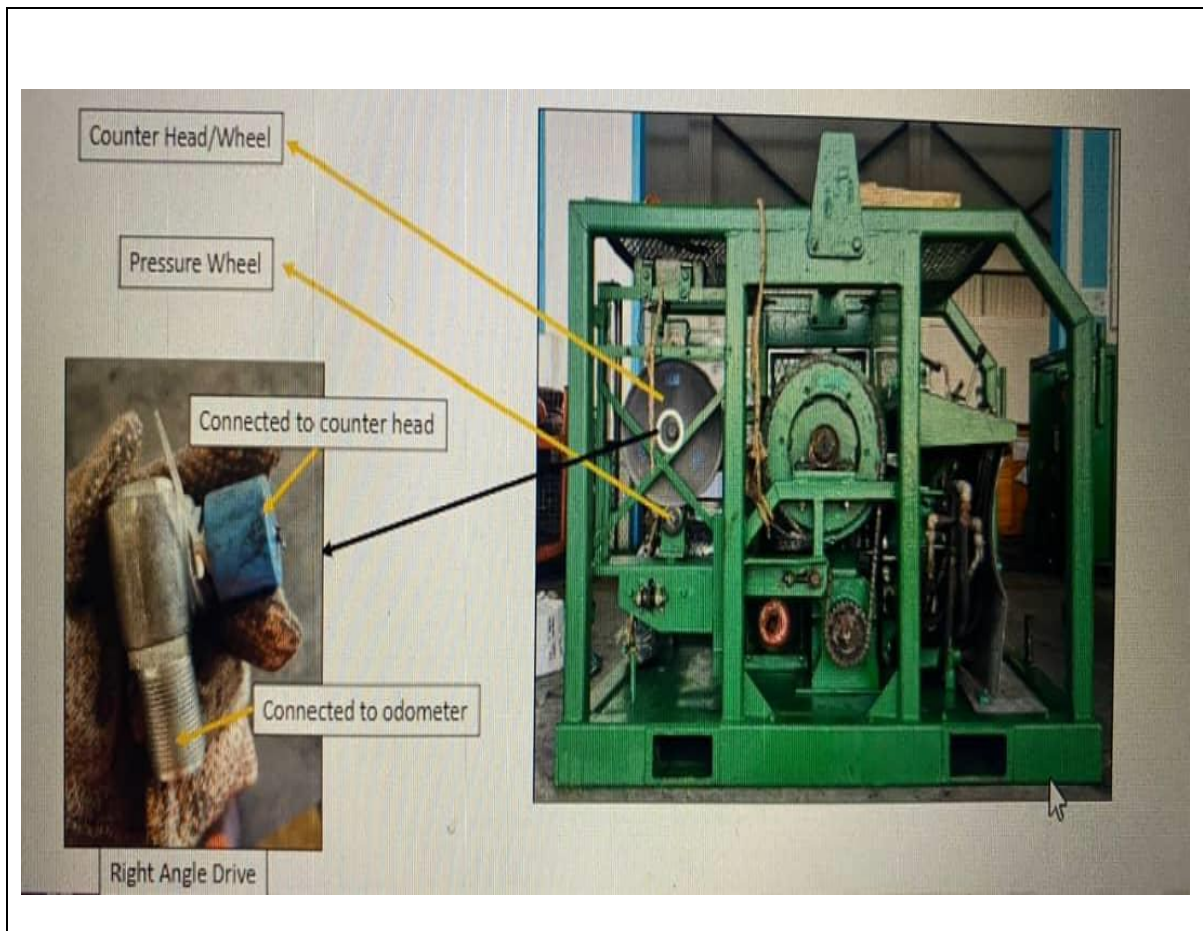
What is safety precaution required for RSU

Be careful with the wire / rotating drum winch when running because it might break

What is potential hazard during handling RSU

- Wire breaks off
- Pinch point
- Rotating drum winch

Draw & name each part of RSU



## B.6. ODOMETER

What is Odometer

Odometer is a depth measuring device and also known as depth counter

What is the purpose of Odometer

To indicate the depth of slickline toolstring hanging in a tubing string in feet or meters.

How to operate Odometer

Prior to operation, this device should be manually set to zero and start reading from tubing hanger.  
Connect hose to right angle drive and put odometer to RSU for monitoring purposes.

What is maintenance required for Odometer

Check if counter head is free to rotate

What is safety precaution required for Odometer

Wear appropriate PPE

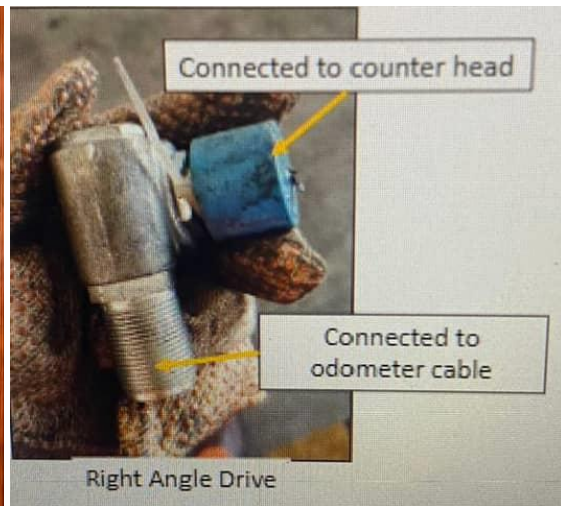
What is potential hazard during handling Odometer

Sharp edges  
Pinch point

Draw & name each part of Odometer



**Odometer**



**Right Angle Drive**

## B.7. WEIGHT INDICATOR (2000 LBS AND 4000 LBS)

### What is Weight Indicator

Weight indicator is a device to measure weight of tools in tubing string. The device is connected to load cell using a rubber hose filled with hydraulic hose.

### What is the purpose of Weight Indicator

To determine the total weight of tools hung in tubing string

### How to operate Weight Indicator

The weight indicator (located at RSU) is connected to the load cell using a rubber hose filled with hydraulic oil. Load cell is attached to heavy-duty hose carries the pressure generated to the weight indicator gauge calibrated in lbs.

It is using hydraulic system

### What is maintenance required for Weight Indicator

It is necessary to completely flush and re-charge the unit at least once per month. Having recharged the unit, a specific gap should be set between load plate and load cell retaining ring.

- Check for leaks around the hose and priming check valve assembly.
- If additional "W-15" fluid is required, fill through the small port on the upper side of the gauge housing.

### What is safety precaution required for Weight Indicator

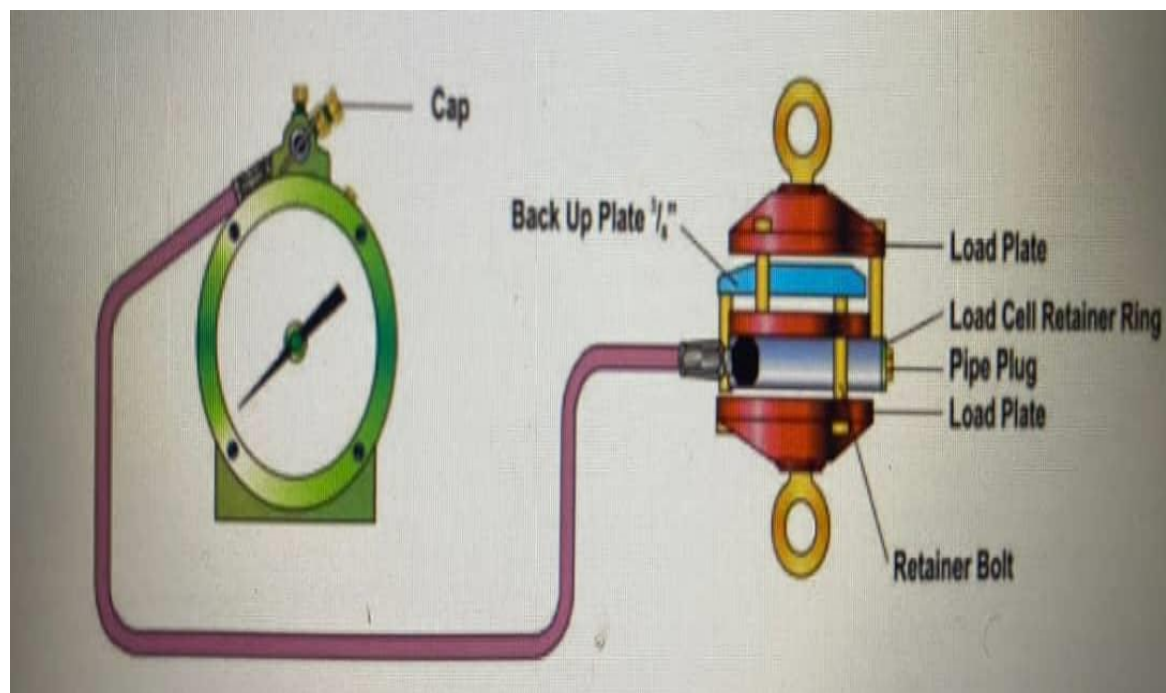
Do not crash the hose

Secure guage and fittings because the load cell is made of aluminum alloy and reasonably strong rough handling can damage it.

What is potential hazard during handling Weight Indicator

Drop object  
If not give attention to weight indicator during operation, might be resulted tension and will cause wireline to break.

Draw & name each part of Weight Indicator



## B.8. SPOOLING DEVICE

### What is Spooling Device

Generally, one configured with removable drum that allow transport spools to be inserted, allowing the new string to be spooled into reel

### What is the purpose of Spooling Device

To hold the reel drum during spooling process  
Control the tension of the line as it is spooled

### How to operate Spooling Device

Assemble the reel. The setup is almost the same with normal operation, which weight indicator and hay pulley are needed  
Brake level will help to control the line tension.

### What is maintenance required for Spooling Device

Brake maintenance  
Always check the hydraulic system

### What is safety precaution required for Spooling Device

Make sure to check the glass in good condition before start the job  
Bolts and nuts (shaft) are in good condition

What is potential hazard during handling Spooling Device

Pinch point  
Rotating device

Draw & name each part of Spooling Device



## B.9. CONTROL PANEL

What is Control Panel

Device used to operate BOP, safety valve and other PCE equipments

What is the purpose of Control Panel

Control Panels are used to operate a number of valves normally operated in slickline operations. Their types and its functions are:

- Control Panel (CP) – To operate BOP rams
- Single Well Control Panel (SWCP) – To operate Master Valve and SCSSV
- Well Control Panel (WCP) – An integrated CP that can operate BOP, Stuffing Box, MV & SCSSV

How to operate Control Panel

Connect the control line to the equipment  
Open air supply, use regulator to control pump out pressurized the line.

What is maintenance required for Control Panel

Check the fluid level of hydraulic oil  
Check the hydraulic hoses for any sign of leakage or damage.

What is safety precaution required for Control Panel

Do not tighten or loose the connection when under pressure  
Beware of trapped pressure by bleed off fully before open connection

What is potential hazard during handling Control Panel

Connection loosens  
Hose burst by high pressure

Draw & name each part of Control Panel



## B.10. HUSKEL DRUM

What is Huskel Drum

Is an air driver pump

What is the purpose of Huskel Drum

To drive the hydraulic or water in control panel or test pump

How to operate Huskel Drum

Operate from the knob or regulator of the panel

What is maintenance required for Huskel Drum

Check the condition of the O-ring  
Service haskel pump  
Hydraulic check valve and liquid seal repair

What is safety precaution required for Huskel Drum

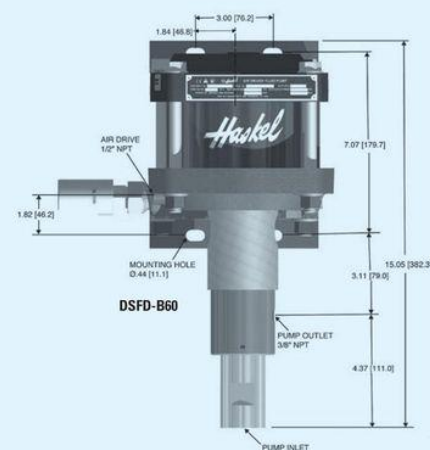
Check O-ring condition  
Make sure connection tubing is in good condition

What is potential hazard during handling Huskel Drum

Pinch point  
Tubing burst

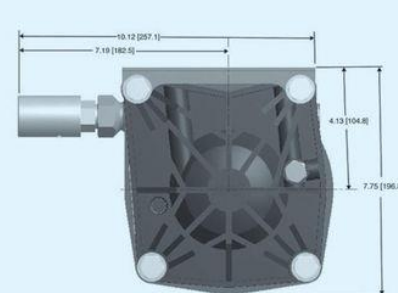
### Draw & name each part of Huskel Drum

**1.5 hp, 2 & 2.2 hp (1.12, 1.49 & 1.64 kW) Pump Models**



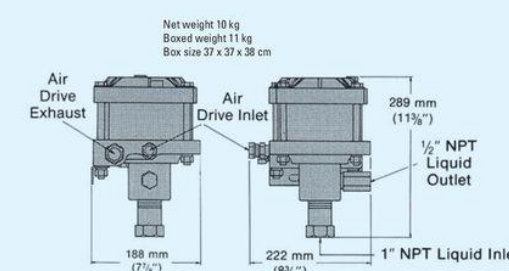
**DSFD-B60**

Net weight 18 kg  
 Boxed weight 20 kg  
 Box size 68 x 42 x 50 cm



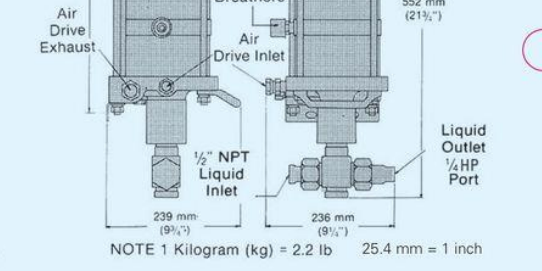
Net weight 18 kg  
 Boxed weight 20 kg  
 Box size 68 x 42 x 50 cm

NOTE 1 Kilogram (kg) = 2.2 lb    25.4 mm = 1 inch

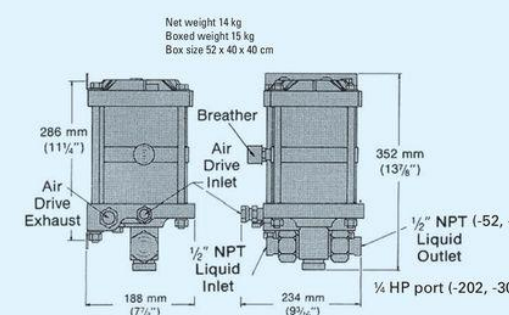


**1.5 and 2 hp low ratio pumps;  
 -B10 and -B15 ratios**

Net weight 10 kg  
 Boxed weight 11 kg  
 Box size 37 x 37 x 38 cm

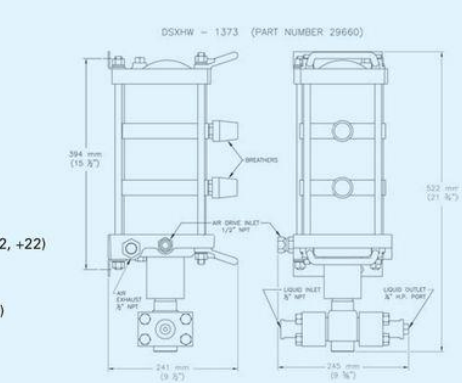


**2 hp high ratio pumps;  
 -683 and -903 ratios**



**1.5 and 2 hp medium ratio pumps;  
 -52, -72, -122, -202 and -302 ratios**

Net weight 14 kg  
 Boxed weight 15 kg  
 Box size 52 x 40 x 40 cm



**2 hp (1.49 & 1.64 kW) Pump Models;  
 -1373 ratio**

DSXHW - 1373 (PART NUMBER 29660)

### **B.11. POWER PACK (ELECTRICAL & DIESEL)**

What is Power Pack

Power pack is hydraulically drive unit powered by diesel engine  
Certified with zone 2 equipment

What is the purpose of Power Pack

Provide power to drive hydraulic oil via special hose / hydraulic hose move to drum  
at winch  
Provide the power (hydraulic) to RSU

How to operate Power Pack

By operating several valves, adjust speed, power and rotation of drum

What is maintenance required for Power Pack

Check oil level  
Check water level  
Check diesel level  
Check condition of belting  
Check any leaking

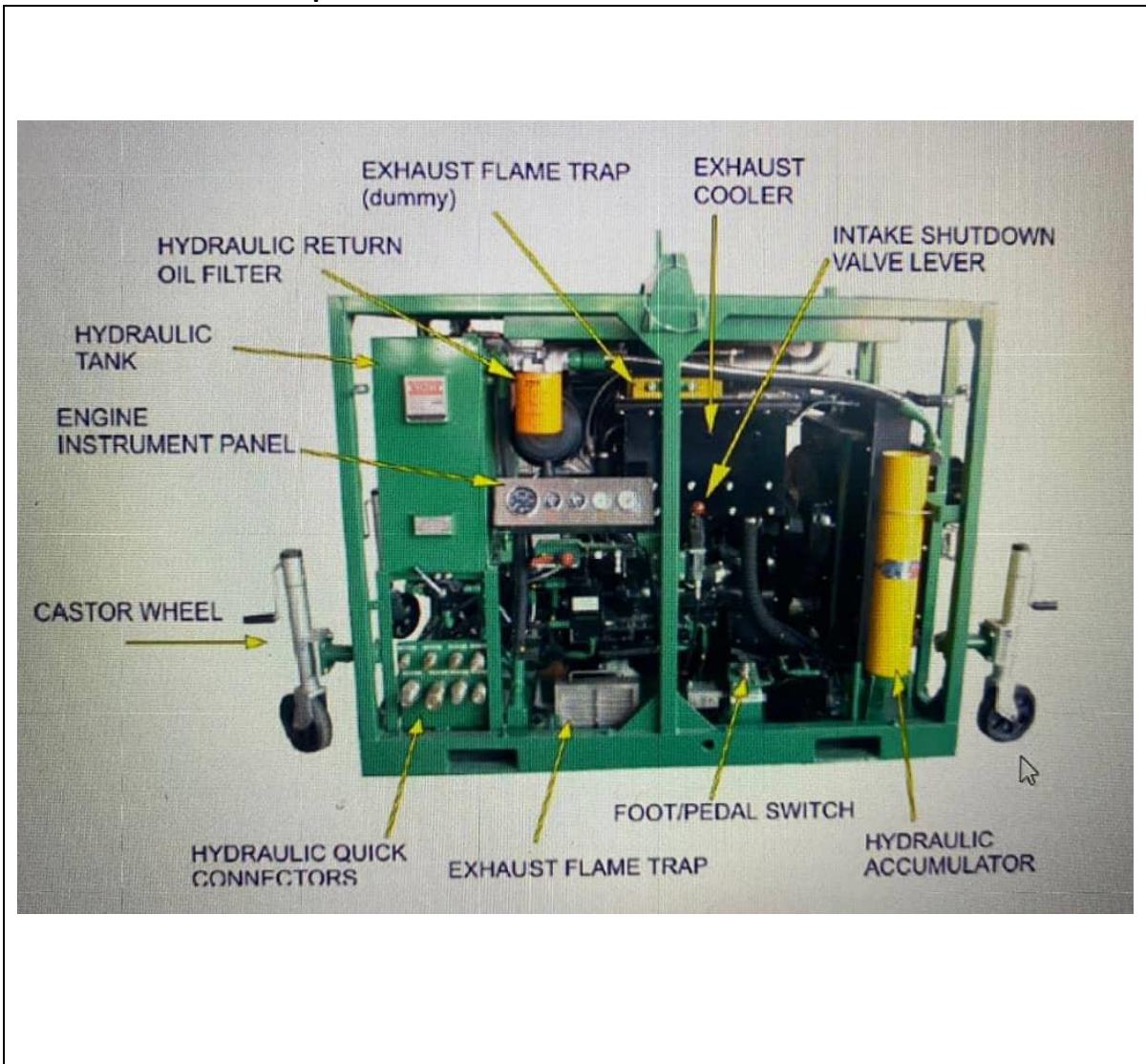
What is safety precaution required for Power Pack

Wear appropriate PPE when changing hydraulic oil/ engine oil  
Beware of rotating fan when engine is running  
Do not open radiator cap while power pack is still running

What is potential hazard during handling Power Pack

Hose burst  
Hand injury  
Rotating fan

Draw & name each part of Power Pack



## B.12. AIR COMPRESSOR

What is Air Compressor

A machine that air being compressed driven by diesel engine

What is the purpose of Air Compressor

To supply compressed air for control panel, test pump and air stater engine

How to operate Air Compressor

Starting procedure is almost the same with power pack. The air compressor usually use spring starter. To crank the starter, rotate the shaft clockwise until indicator turn red. Replace spring to start the engine

What is maintenance required for Air Compressor

Change filters  
Change oil compressor  
Check fan belting condition

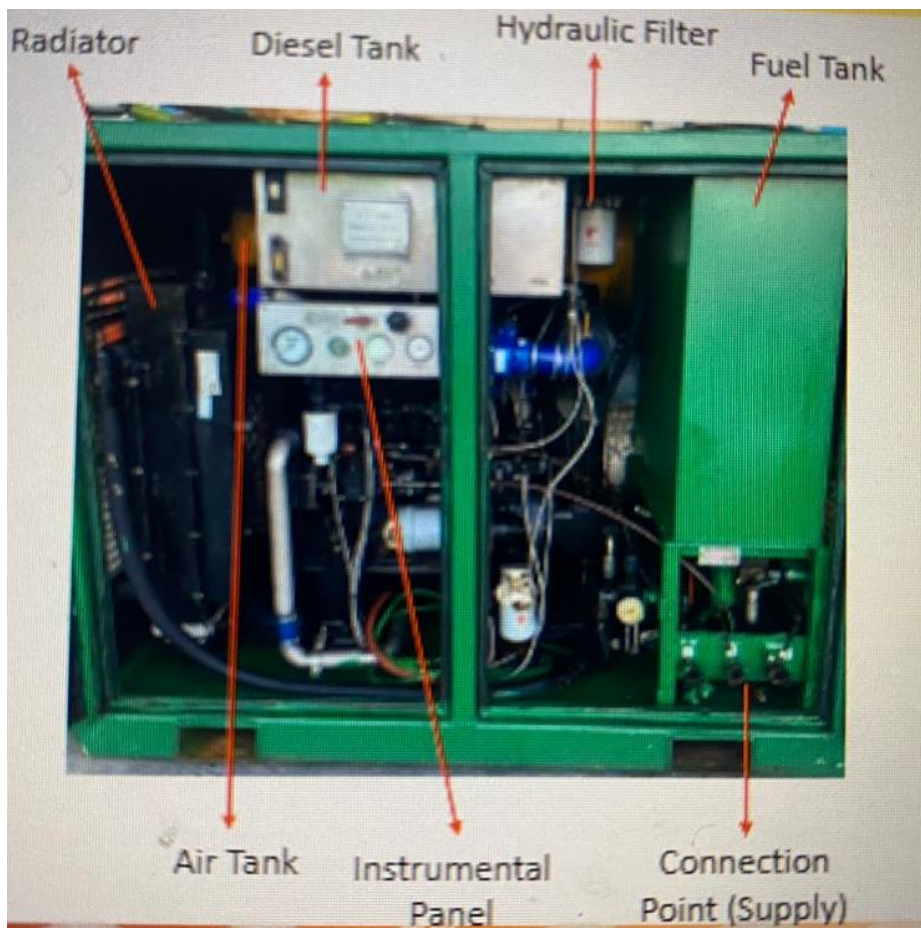
What is safety precaution required for Air Compressor

Make sure all hoses connection no leaking  
Make sure fan is covered

What is potential hazard during handling Air Compressor

Hose burst  
Pinch point  
Hot surface

Draw & name each part of Air Compressor

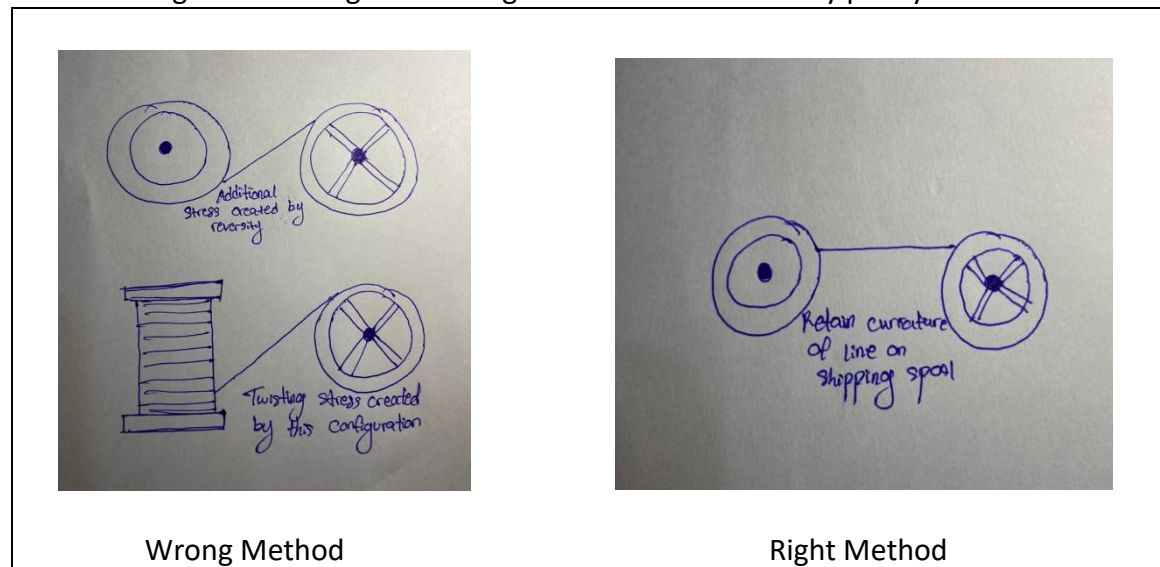


### B.13. DRUM

What is the purpose of Drum

To spool the wireline wire

Draw the right and wrong wire arrangement from drum to hay pulley



What is maintenance required for Drum

Make sure to service and always check the drum bearing, change if there have any broken or damage

What is safety precaution required for Drum

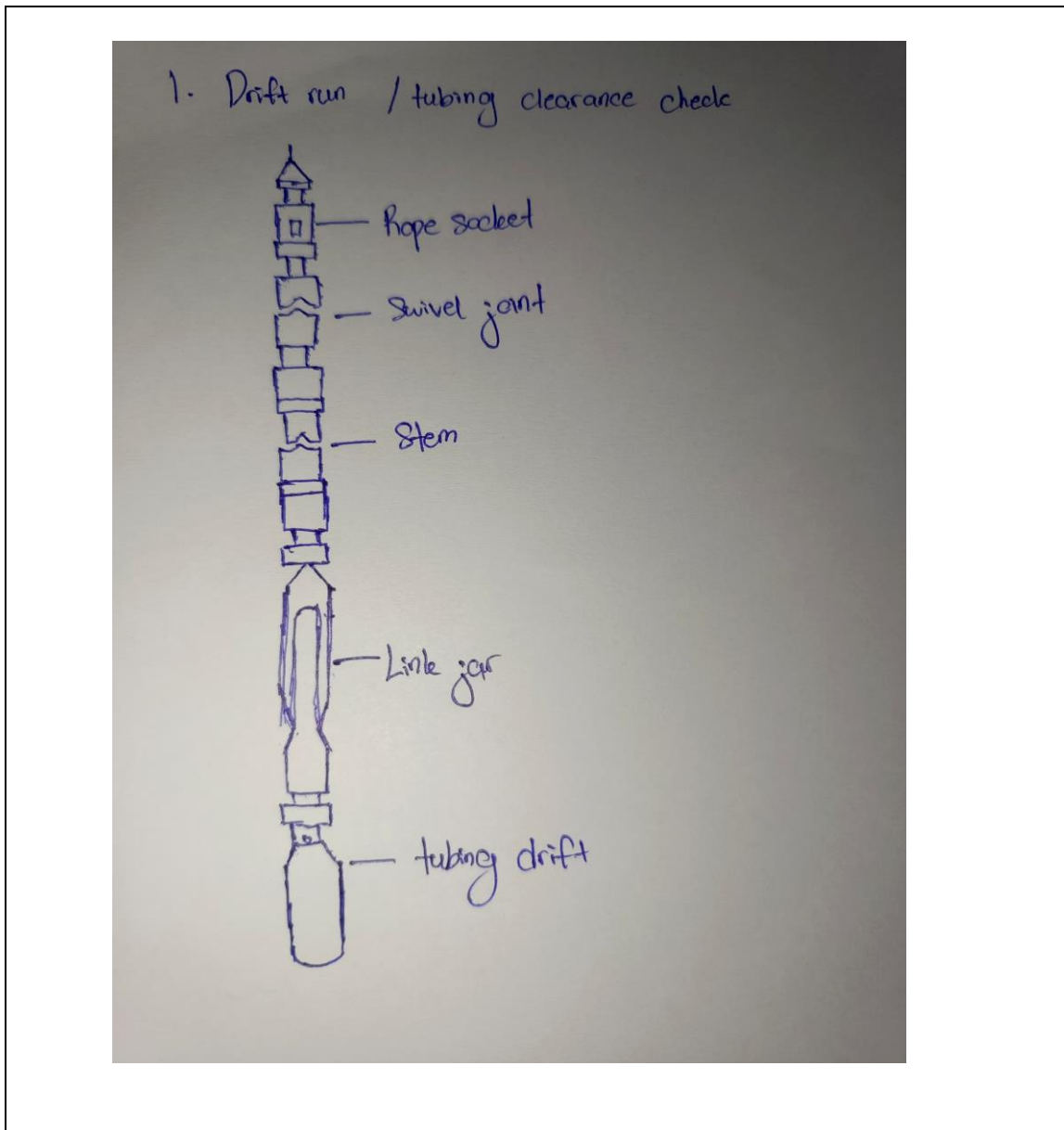
Use tag line or push pull stick  
Make sure using the safety glasses and appropriate PPE

What is potential hazard during handling Drum

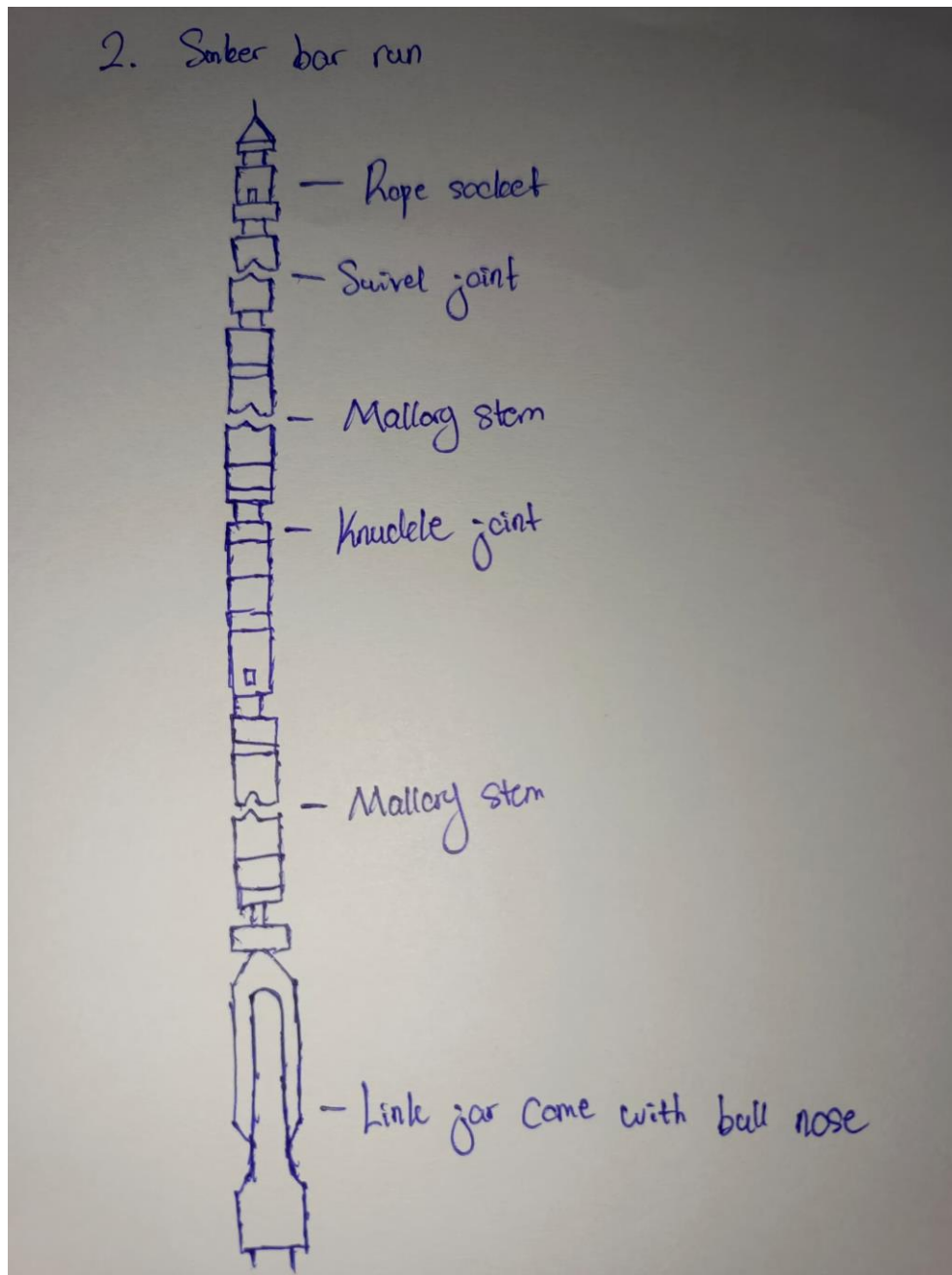
Rotating device  
Pinch point  
Back injury

Please draw/sketch the toolstring configuration for:

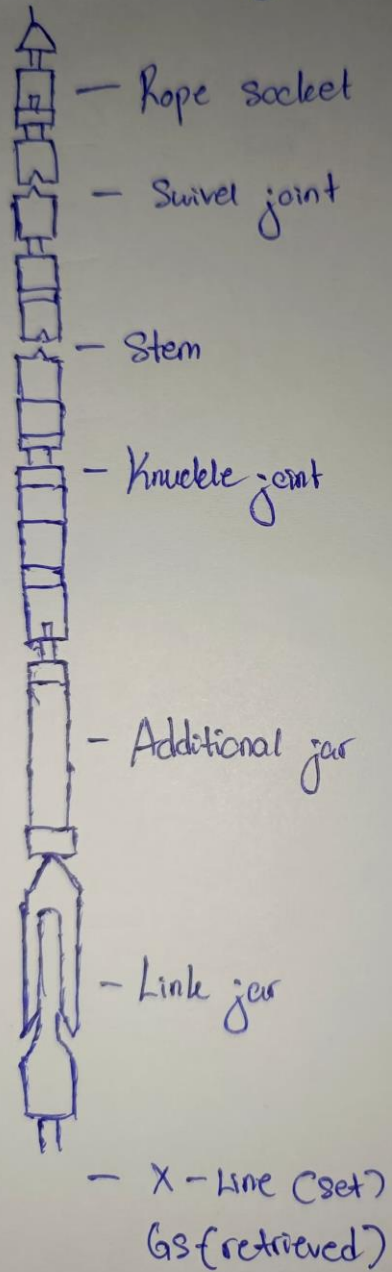
- 1) Drift run/tubing clearance check
- 2) Sinker bar run
- 3) Set and retrieve plug
- 4) Set and retrieve insert valve



2. Sinker bar run



3. Set / Retrieve plug



4. Set / Retrieve Insert valve

